

# 0600 / 0660 / 0600B / 0660B / 0660S

0640B / 0640R / 0641 0630B / 0630R / 0670B / 0670R / 0615B / 0635 / 0636 "AL-COBRAPEX" MULTILAYER PIPE

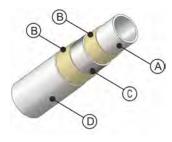


# DESCRIPTION

AL-COBRAPEX pipes adapt to any type of heating/cooling and plumbing and compressed air distribution systems, with application in residential, commercial, industrial and agricultural sectors and, in general, with any kind of non-corrosive fluid \*.

AL-COBRAPEX are multilayer type pipes, with an aluminium core and are a valid alternative to metal pipes and also to some of the plastic pipes normally used in common plant engineering systems.

The technology of these pipes consists of inserting a metal layer (aluminium) between two layers of plastic material (polyethylene) that are glued together as shown in the picture:



A: Layer in PE-Xb polyethylene cross-linked using silanes.

**B:** Adhesive layer.

C: Intermediate layer in aluminuim welded with a head-head technique.

**D:** Layer in PE-Xb polyethylene cross-linked using silanes (art. 0600 - 0660 - 0600B - 0660B), or HDPE high density polyethylene (art. 0660S).

AL-COBRAPEX pipes have the characteristic of combining the advantages of plastic materials (resistance to abrasion, to corrosion and to chemicals, lightness and ease of installation), with those of aluminium (high pressures resistance, dimensional stability and reduced thermal expansion).

There is a wide range of AL-COBRAPEX pipes:

they are produced in diameters from 14 to 90 mm and supplied in rolls or bars. They are available in white pipe versions, with 6/10/13 mm thick thermal insulation or with corrugated protective sheath.

# **ADVANTAGES / STRENGTHS**

- Quick and easy installation system: flexible, light and stable (thanks to the aluminium core).
- Impermeable to oxygen and UV rays. \*\*
- Resistant to corrosion and chemicals.
- Low pressure drops.
- Suitable for multiple applications:
- Distribution of hot and cold drinking water
- Radiant heating and cooling systems (low temperature)
- Radiator heating systems (high temperature)
- Compressed air distribution systems
- Reduced thermal expansion generated when the temperature of the fluid in transit changes.
- Durability guaranteed by product standards for at least 50 years!
- Resistant to high pressures (10 bar in all the categories of application foreseen by the UNI EN ISO 21003-1 standard).
- Resistant to high temperatures (+ 95 °C).

\* To check compatibility with fluids or other substances not listed, contact the Tiemme Technical Dept.

\*\* The pipe is supplied duly packed for storage to guarantee complete protection from UV rays. The material should not be exposed to direct sunlight.



# UNCOVERD MULTILAYER PIPE (art. 0600 / 0660 / 0600B / 0660B / 0660S)

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Art. 0600 - 0600	<b>B</b> (composition	PE-Xb / Al	/ PE-Xb)
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				1										
External diameter	(mm)	14	16	16	18	20	20	26	32	40	50	63	75	90
Thickness	(mm)	2.0	2.0	2.25	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5,0	7,0
Aluminium thickness	(mm)	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.40	0.40	0.60	0.75	0.80	1.00	1.20	1.35	1.35
Weight	(kg/m)	0.090	0.110	0.120	0.130	0.150	0.177	0.300	0.410	0.606	0.909	1.350	1.600	2.400
Volume of water	(l/m)	0.078	0.113	0.104	0.154	0.201	0.176	0.314	0.531	0.855	1.385	2.290	3.310	4.530
contained														
Maximum working	(°C)							95						
temperature								95						
Peak temperature	(°C)							110						
Maximum working	(Bar)							10 *						
pressure								10						
Thermal expansion	(mm/m							0,026						
coefficient	°C)							0,020						
Internal roughness	(mm)							0,007						
Oxygen diffusion	(mg/l)		0											
Thermal conductivity	(W/mk)		0,47											
Fire reaction class	-							C-s2, d0	)					

## Art. 0660 – 0660B (composition PE-Xb / Al / PE-Xb)

External diameter	(mm)	14	16	18	20	25	26	32	
Thickness	(mm)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.0	
Aluminium thickness	(mm)	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.35	0.35	0.40	
Weight	(kg/m)	0.090	0.110	0.130	0.150	0.215	0.300	0.410	
Volume of water	(l/m)	0.078	0.113	0.154	0.201	0.314	0.314	0.531	
contained									
Maximum working	(°C)				95				
temperature					55				
Peak temperature	(°C)				110				
Maximum working	(Bar)				10 *				
pressure					10				
Thermal expansion	(mm/m				0.026				
coefficient	°C)								
Internal roughness	(mm)		0.007						
Oxygen diffusion	(mg/l)		0						
Thermal conductivity	(W/mk)		0.47						
Fire reaction class	-				C-s2, d0				

# Art. 0660S (composition PE-Xb / Al / HDPE)

	,	- /						
External diameter	(mm)	16	20	26				
Thickness	(mm)	2.0	2.0	3.0				
Aluminium thickness	(mm)	0.20	0.25	0.35				
Weight	(kg/m)	0.105	0.141	0.256				
Volume of water	(l/m)	0.113	0.201	0.314				
contained								
Maximum working	(°C)		95					
temperature			CE					
Peak temperature	(°C)		110					
Maximum working	(Bar)		10 *					
pressure			10					
Thermal expansion	(mm/m		0.026					
coefficient	°C)		0.026					
Internal roughness	(mm)	0.007						
Oxygen diffusion	(mg/l)	0						
Thermal conductivity	(W/mk)	0.47						
Fire reaction class	-		B-s2, d0					

\* For further details please see the "FIELD OF APPLICATION (UNI EN ISO 21003-1)" section of this technical sheet.



# FIELD OF APPLICATION (UNI EN ISO 21003-1)

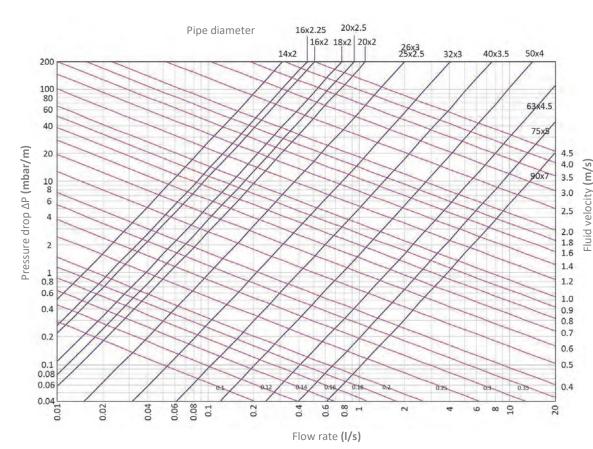
The performance characteristics of multilayer piping are regulated by **UNI EN ISO 21003-1** which defines four classes of application over a period of 50 years of continuous operation.

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX pipes are certified for all four classes of application for working pressures up to 10 bar.

Table of application classes an	d working condition	s according to	LINI EN ISO 21002-1
Table of application classes an	a working condition	s according to	OINI EIN 120 21002-1

Application class	Working Pressure <b>P</b> <sub>D</sub>	Working temperature T <sub>D</sub>	Durati- on of <b>T</b> <sub>D</sub>	Maximum working temperature T <sub>max</sub>	Durati- on of <b>T<sub>max</sub></b>	Malfunction temperature T <sub>mal</sub>	Durati on of the <b>T<sub>mal</sub></b>	Typical application
	[bar]	[°C]	[yrs]	[°C]	[yrs]	[°C]	[hrs]	
1	10	60	49	80	1	95	100	Domestic hot water (60°C)
2	10	70	49	80	1	95	100	Domestic hot water (70°C)
4	10	20 + 40 + 60	2.5 + 20 + 25	70	2.5	100	100	Underfloor heating and low temperature systems
5	10	20 + 60 + 80	14 + 25 + 10	90	1	100	100	High temperature heating systems

# FLUID DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS



The pressure drops shown in the graph refer to heat transfer fluid at 10°C.

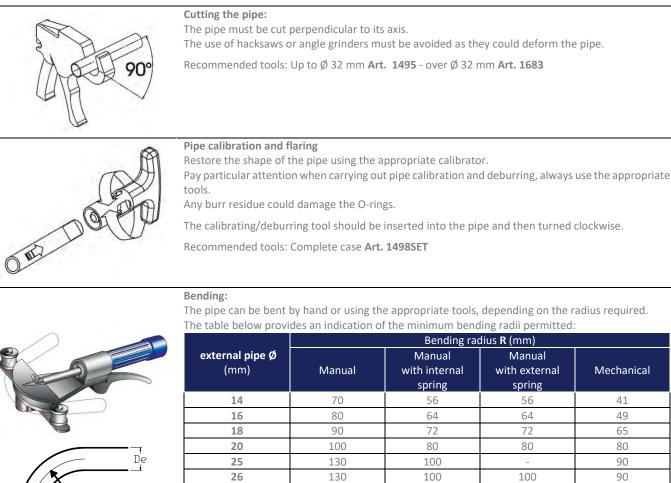
For different fluid the temperatures, pressure drop values from obtained the graph should be multiplied by the correction factors indicated in the table below.

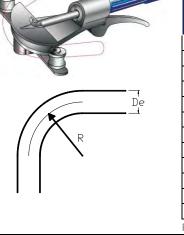
Correct	Correction factors						
Fluid	Correction						
Temp.	factor						
(°C)							
15	0.971						
20	0.939						
30	0.882						
40	0.834						
50	0.793						
60	0.762						
70	0.740						
80	0.718						
90	0.695						



# INSTRUCTIONS FOR CORRECT ASSEMBLY

To obtain a perfect join between fitting/pipe, regardless of the type of fitting that will be used, some simple but important operations must be carried out to prepare the pipe:





90 Recommended tools: Pipe bending spring Art. 1497 - Art. 1497EST / Pipe-bender Art. 1684

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IMPORTANT: Carrying out the following operations incorrectly, may compromise the tightness of the joint.

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TIEMME RACCORDERIE S.p.A. will accept no responsibility for breakages and/or accidents resulting from failure to comply with these indications and from improper use of the system. The information shown does not exempt the user from scrupulously following current regulations and good technical standards.

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240

320

530



# THERMAL EXPANSIONS

Metal and plastic multilayer piping is characterised by a linear thermal expansion coefficient that is lower than that of plastic piping. The linear thermal expansion coefficient ( $\alpha$ ) of AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe is **0.026 [mm/mK]**, therefore, **for every linear metre of piping**, **subjected to a temperature increase of 1K, there will be a corresponding lengthening of 0.026 mm**.

The following formula can be used to determine the overall lengthening of a stretch of network:

# $\Delta L = \alpha \times L \times \Delta T$

Where:

- ΔL variation in pipe length in mm
- α linear thermal expansion coefficient of the pipe (0.026 mm/mK)
- L length of laid pipe
- **ΔT** temperature difference to which the tube is subjected

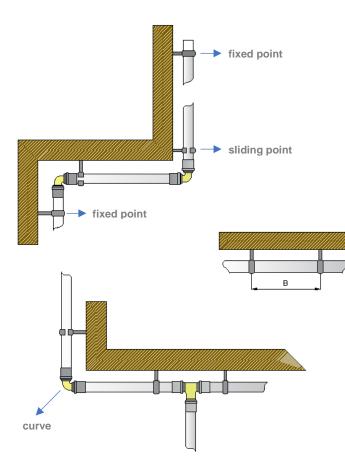
#### **PRACTICAL INSTALLATION TIPS:**

Multilayer pipes cannot be rigidly constrained between two fixed points, but the variation in the length of the pipes must always be absorbed or deviated.

Linear expansions of piping can be absorbed by frequent changes in the path of the pipe itself, but during installation it may be difficult to artificially insert changes in the path for the sole purpose of "shock absorbing" linear thermal expansions, so metal or plastic dilators, which are readily available on the market, should be used.

The rigid fittings placed on the network and the taps will be considered fixed points. Sliding supports will be installed between two fixed points, depending on the length of the section, for the purpose of supporting the piping but allowing it to slide without being within a rigid constraint. The construction of fixed points must be completed using support collars near T-joints, intermediate curves, or intermediate joint connections. The supports used to create fixed points must be suitable for plastic pipes and adequately coated so that the external coating cannot be damaged.

When chase laying, it is important to know that laying with insulation sheaths (mandatory for pipes that convey hot water and recommended to avoid the formation of condensation on pipes conveying cooled water), is already enough to compensate, with lateral deformations, the lengthening caused by thermal expansion.



Pipe diameter (mm)	Maximum distance of the supports " <b>B</b> " (m)
14	1.0
16	1.0
18	1.0
20	1.0
25	1.5
26	1.5
32	2.0
40	2.0
50	2.5
63	2.5
75	2.5
90	2.5



# MULTILAYER PIPE WITH PROTECTIVE CORRUGATED SHEATH (art. 0640B / 0640R / 0641)

AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe with corrugated sheath adds the presence of an external corrugated protective sheath to the properties of the white multilayer pipe.

# FIELD OF APPLICATION:

Plumbing systems where protection is required or where removing and replacing the pipe must be possible.

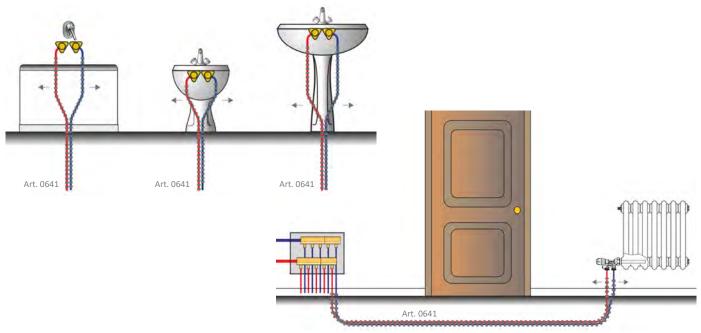
#### **PRODUCTION RANGE:**

	Article	Description	Production range	Pipe specifications (reference uncoverd pipe)
	0640B	Multilayer pipe with blue corrugated sheath.	Ø 14 x 2.0 Ø 16 x 2.0 Ø 18 x 2.0 Ø 20 x 2.0	Art. 0660
	0640R	Multilayer pipe with red corrugated sheath.	Ø 14 x 2.0 Ø 16 x 2.0 Ø 18 x 2.0 Ø 20 x 2.0	Art. 0660
1 - Contraction of the second se	0641	"AL-COBRAPEX TWIN" double multilayer pipe with grey corrugated sheaths. A continuous red line is highlighted on one sheath and a continuous blue line on the other to allow for immediate identification. The two pipes can be easily separated if necessary (close to outlets from the collector - utilities/terminals)	Ø 16 x 2.0 Ø 20 x 2.0	Art. 0660

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (PROTECTIVE CORRUGATED SHEATH):

Pipe diameter	(mm)	14 x 2.0	16 x 2.0	18 x 2.0	20 x 2.0			
Sheath outer diameter	(mm)	24	24 (25 art. 0641)	28	28 (30.5 art. 0641)			
Sheath inner diameter	(mm)	19	19 (20 art. 0641)	23	23 (25.5 art. 0641)			
Material	-		Polyethylene					
Density	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	0.955						
Yield strength	(Mpa)	27						
Breaking length	(%)	600						
Bending strength	(Mpa)	1370						
Embrittlement temperature	(°C)	< - 75						

INSTALLATION EXAMPLE (AL-COBRAPEX TWIN pipe Art. 0641):





# MULTILAYER PIPE WITH THERMAL INSULATION (art. 0630B / 0630R / 0670B / 0670R / 0615B / 0635 / 0636)

AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe with thermal insulation adds the presence of an external insulating sheath to the properties of the white multilayer pipe.

### FIELD OF APPLICATION:

heating and plumbing systems, where a certain degree of insulation is required against the formation of condensation and against energy losses. Tiemme insulated pipes are suitable for conveying fluids for use in heating/cooling systems in accordance with the UNI EN ISO 12241 standard "THERMAL INSULATION FOR SYSTEMS IN BUILDINGS AND FOR INDUSTRIAL INSTALLATIONS - CALCULATION METHODS".

# PRODUCTION RANGE:

	Article	Insulating sheath specifications		Production range	Pipe specs.	
		Sheath thickness	Sheath colour	Fire reaction class		(reference uncovered pipe)
	0630B	6 mm 10 mm	Blue	CL-s1, d0	Ø 14 x 2.0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 16 x 2.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 18 x 2.0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 20 x 2.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 25 x 2.5 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 26 x 3.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 32 x 3.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm)	Art. 0660
C,	0630R	6 mm 10 mm	Red	CL-s1, d0	Ø 14 x 2.0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 16 x 2.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 18 x 2.0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 20 x 2.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 25 x 2.5 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 26 x 3.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm) Ø 32 x 3.0 (th. 6 / 10 mm)	Art. 0660
	0670B	6 mm	Blue	CL-s1, d0	Ø 16 x 2,0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 16 x 2,25 (th. 6 mm) Ø 20 x 2,0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 20 x 2,5 (th. 6 mm)	Art. 0600
	0670R	6 mm	Red	CL-s1, d0	Ø 16 x 2,0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 16 x 2,25 (th. 6 mm) Ø 20 x 2,0 (th. 6 mm) Ø 20 x 2,5 (th. 6 mm)	Art. 0600
C	0615B	6 mm	White	CL-s1, d0	Ø 16 x 2.0 (th. 6 mm)	Art. 0660
Com.	0635	10 mm	Green	CL-s1, d0	Ø 16 x 2.0 (th. 10 mm) Ø 18 x 2.0 (th. 10 mm) Ø 20 x 2.0 (th. 10 mm) Ø 26 x 3.0 (th. 10 mm) Ø 32 x 3.0 (th. 10 mm)	Art. 0660
	0636	10 mm 13 mm	Grey	BL-s1, dO	Ø 16 x 2.0 (th. 10 mm) Ø 20 x 2.0 (th. 13 mm) Ø 26 x 3.0 (th. 13 mm) Ø 32 x 3.0 (th. 13 mm)	Art. 0660

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (THERMAL INSULATION SHEATH):					
Material	-	Closed cell polyethylene foam			
Fire reaction class	(Euroclass)	CL-s1, d0 (art. 0630B - 0630R - 0670B - 0670R - 0615B – 0635)			
(EN 13501-1)		BL-s1, d0 (art. 0636)			
Density	(Kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	33			
Thermal conductivity	(W/mk)	0.0397			
Tensile strength	(N/mm²)	> 0.18			
Breaking length	(%)	> 80			
Water vapour permeability $\mu$	(mg/Pa.s.m)	< 0.15			
Working temperature range	(°C)	-30 (as long as the fluid remains in the liquid phase) ÷ +95			



## TABLE FOR RAPID CALCULATION OF HEAT LOSSES

The table shows the heat losses in W per linear meter of sheathed AL-COBRAPEX piping, based on the temperature of the vector fluid passing through it (three different temperature levels). Losses are calculated with an ambient temperature of 20 °C.

Pipe diameter -	Heat loss and surface temperature								
insulation thickness	40	)°C	60	)°C	80°C				
	W/m	°C	W/m	°C	W/m	°C			
14x2 - 6 mm	4.90	27.41	8.30	34.83	12.58	42.25			
16x2   16x2.25 - 6 mm	4.60	27.36	9.25	34.73	13.88	42.09			
16x2 - 10 mm	3.83	26.10	7.66	32.20	11.50	38.30			
18x2 - 6 mm	4.16	26.02	8.33	32.05	12.50	38.08			
20x2   20x2.5 - 6 mm	5.51	27.31	11.02	34.62	16.54	41.94			
20x2 - 10 mm	4.51	25.98	9.02	31.97	13.54	37.95			
20x2 - 13 mm	4.20	25.57	8.40	31.14	12.60	36.72			
25x2,5 - 6 mm	6.44	26.84	10.52	31.17	19.35	40.53			
25x2,5 - 10 mm	5.26	25.58	13.15	33.09	15.79	36.75			
26x3 - 6 mm	6.57	26.54	12.89	33.68	19.73	39.03			
26x3 - 10 mm	5.39	25.36	10.78	30.72	16.17	36.09			
26x3 - 13 mm	5.26	25.23	10.53	30.47	15.79	35.70			
32x3 - 6 mm	7.81	26.54	15.62	33.09	23.44	39.63			
32x3 - 10 mm	6.34	25.31	12.68	30.62	19.02	35.93			
32x3 - 13 mm	6.07	25.09	12.15	30.18	18.23	35.27			

#### **COOLING OPERATION**

Pipe diameter -			Heat loss and sur	face temperature		
insulation thickness	10°C		14	۴C	18	3°C
	W/m	°C	W/m	°C	W/m	°C
14x2 - 6 mm	-3.35	20.06	-2.51	21.54	-1.67	23.03
16x2   16x2.25 - 6 mm	-3.70	20.10	-2.77	21.58	-1.85	23.05
16x2 - 10 mm	-3.06	21.11	-2.30	22.34	-1.53	23.55
18x2 - 6 mm	-4.04	20.14	-3.03	21.60	-2.02	23.07
20x2   20x2.5 - 6 mm	-4.39	20.17	-3.28	21.63	-2.19	23.08
20x2 - 10 mm	-3.59	21.22	-2.69	22.42	-1.79	23.61
20x2 - 13 mm	-2.13	17.17	-1.27	18.30	-0.42	19.43
25x2,5 - 6 mm	-5.15	20.52	-3.86	21.89	-2.57	23.26
25x2,5 - 10 mm	-4.21	21.53	-3.15	22.64	-2.10	23.76
26x3 - 6 mm	-5.35	20.79	-3.92	22.09	-2.61	23.39
26x3 - 10 mm	-4.29	21.73	-3.21	22.79	-2.14	23.86
26x3 - 13 mm	-2.67	17.34	-1.60	18.40	-0.53	19.46
32x3 - 6 mm	-6.18	20.82	-4.63	22.11	-3.08	23.41
32x3 - 10 mm	-5.02	21.79	-3.76	22.84	-2.51	23.89
32x3 - 13 mm	-3.08	17.41	-1.84	18.45	0.61	19.48

In the table on cooling operation with water at 10°C (given by the average between 7°C and 12.5°C), for example, it is possible to see that a 20x2 mm diameter pipe with 10 mm thick insulation will have a loss per linear metre of -3.59 W with a surface temperature of 21.22°C. This temperature must be higher than the ambient dew point temperature, which in the case of an environment at 26°C with 50% relative humidity is 14.84°C (below is a table with indications of the dew point of the ambient air according to the ambient temperature and the degree of relative humidity).

Ambient		Air dew point as a function of relative humidity									
temperature	45% Ur	50% Ur	55% Ur	60% Ur	65% Ur	70% Ur	75% Ur	80% Ur	85% Ur	90% Ur	95% Ur
14 °C	2.20	3.76	5.10	6.40	7.58	8.67	9.70	10.71	11.62	12.55	13.36
15 °C	3.12	4.65	6.07	7.36	8.52	9.63	10.70	11.69	12.62	13.52	14.42
16 °C	4.07	5.59	6.98	8.29	9.47	10.61	11.68	12.66	13.63	14.58	15.54
17 °C	5.00	6.48	7.92	9.18	10.39	11.48	12.54	13.57	14.50	15.36	16.19
18 °C	5.90	7.43	8.83	10.12	11.33	12.44	13.48	14.56	15.41	16.31	17.25
19 °C	5.80	8.33	9.75	11.09	12.26	13.37	14.49	15.47	16.40	17.37	18.22
20 °C	7.73	9.30	10.72	12.00	13.22	14.40	15.48	16.46	17.44	18.36	19.18
21 °C	8.60	12.22	11.59	12.92	14.21	15.36	16.40	17.44	18.41	19.27	20.19
22 °C	9.54	11.16	12.54	13.89	15.19	16.27	17.41	18.42	19.39	20.28	21.22
23 °C	10.44	12.02	13.47	14.87	16.04	17.29	18.37	19.37	20.37	21.34	22.23
24 °C	11.32	12.93	14.44	15.73	17.06	18.21	19.22	20.33	21.37	22.32	23.18
25 °C	12.20	13.83	15.37	16.69	17.99	19.11	20.24	21.35	22.27	23.30	24.22
26 °C	13.15	14.84	16.26	17.67	18.90	20.09	21.29	22.32	23.32	24.31	25.16
27 °C	14.08	15.68	17.24	18.57	19.83	21.11	22.23	23.31	24.32	25.22	26.10

The tables are for the sole purpose of providing the technician with a general reference to quickly evaluate the performance of the chosen pipe.





#### INFORMATION FROM TIEMME

#### ANALYSING THE STANDARD: PIPE INSULATION

#### Law 10/91 - UNI EN 14114

Within the context of the National Energy Plan (specific to the issues of saving and more rational use of traditional energy sources), Law 10/91, integrated by Presidential Decree 412/93 and implemented in the National Regulations through the UNI EN 14114 Standard defines the thickness of the insulators to be used in compliance with the regulations, for the insulation of heating and air conditioning systems.

ΕN

The legislation states that the reference thermal conductivity  $\lambda$  of the insulation to be used, must be derived from the value shown on the manufacturer's certificate taken at the average test temperature of 40 °C.

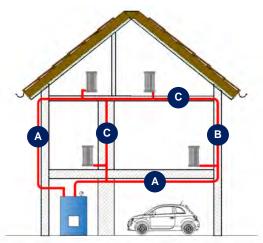
The correct insulating thickness is obtained considering the value of the thermal conductivity  $\lambda$  (certified as described) and the external diameter of the pipe to be insulated.

3 application categories are foreseen: A with insulation thicknesses defined in the table below, B and C with thicknesses defined on the basis of the location of the pipes to be insulated (summarised in the illustration below) and calculated with **specific reduction coefficients**, shown under TABLE 1.

**CATEGORY A:** insulation of external pipes, cellars, garages, external cavities, unheated rooms, technical rooms.

**CATEGORY B:** insulation of pipes running along perimeter walls towards the inside of the buildings.

**CATEGORY C:** insulation of pipes running inside structures and not facing the outside or unheated rooms.



<u>TABLE 1</u>: Thickness of the insulation as a function of the conductivity of the insulation  $\lambda$  and of the diameter of the pipe according to Law 10/91.

The values as per the table refer to **CATEGORY A.** For laying categories B and C, these values will be multiplied by the corresponding corrective factor. For insulation thermal conductivity values other than those shown, the corresponding insulation thicknesses can be determined by linear interpolation of the data.

Useful thermal			External diameter	r of the pipe (mm)		
conductivity of the insulation λ (W/mk)	< 20	from 20 to 39	from 40 to 59	from 60 to 79	from 80 to 99	>100
0.030	13	19	26	33	37	40
0.032	14	21	29	36	40	44
0.034	15	23	31	39	44	48
0.036	17	25	34	43	47	52
0.038	18	28	37	46	51	56
0.040 (TIEMME 0.0397)	20	30	40	50	55	60
0.042	22	32	43	54	59	64
0.044	24	35	46	58	63	69
0.046	26	38	50	62	68	74
0.048	28	41	54	66	72	79
0.050	30	44	58	71	77	84

**REDUCTION COEFFICIENTS:** 

CATEGORY B: multiply the insulation thicknesses indicated in the table x 0.5 CATEGORY C: multiply the insulation thicknesses indicated in the table x 0.3

#### CHART 1: Table for choosing the insulation thicknesses of AL-COBRAPEX pipes according to Law 10/91 - UNI EN 14114

Piping diameter (n	nm)	14x2	16x2 16x2.25	18x2	20x2 20x2.5	25x2.5	26x3	32x3
Insulation	CATEGORY A	20	20	20	30	30	30	30
thickness	CATEGORY B	10	10	10	15	15	15	15
(mm)	CATEGORY C	6	6	6	9	9	9	9



#### ANALYSING THE STANDARD: THERMAL INSULATORS AND FIRE CLASSIFICATION

# UNI EN 14304: Thermal insulation products for building systems and industrial installations - Factory made flexible elastomeric foam (FEF) products - Specification

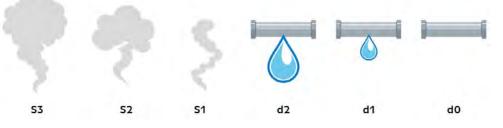
Elastomeric-based insulators fall within the field of application of the UNI EN 14304 standard which defines the requirements of these materials for pipe insulation in both civil and industrial environments, with a working temperature of between approximately -200 °C and + 175 °C. The standard describes the characteristics of the product and includes test procedures, conformity assessment, marking and labeling. The standard does not deal with products with a declared thermal conductivity greater than 0.050 W/(mx K) at 10 °C. The standard does not deal with products used for the insulation of building structures.

UNI EN 13501-1: Fire classification of products and construction elements - Part 1: Classification based on the results of reaction to fire tests. The standard describes the reaction to the fire classification process for all construction products including products contained in construction elements (with the exception of power, control and communication cables which are dealt with in UNI EN 13501-6).

	MAIN CLASSIFICATION					
A1	+++++	Non-combustible materials (glass, fiberglass, metals, porcelain etc)				
A2						
В	++++	Non-flammable combustible materials				
С	+++	Combustible materials that are not highly flammable				
D	++					
E	+					
F	-	Easily flammable materials				

L Suffix - Reaction to fire characteristics, suffix added to the class symbol that qualifies the material to be used in mainly linear contexts: for example, thermal insulation of technical installations.

			ACCESSORY CLASSIFICATION	
	1	++	more severe limits and restrictions than classification s2	s = smoke:
s	2	+	total production of fumes and their development must be limited	production of smoke
	3	-	no restrictions on smoke development	during combustion
	0	++	no dripping	d = dripping:
d	1	+	dripping for a defined maximum time	dripping during
	2	-	no restrictions	combustion



The choice of insulation must be made during the planning stage after having checked the position of the system in the building and the type of protection (false ceilings, cladding, etc.), to determine the minimum Euroclass required.

The most restrictive situation occurs when the system crosses escape routes with exposed insulation or without EI30 protection.

# DM 15.03.2005 ART. 8: Reaction to fire requirements for construction products to be used in works where the fire safety requirement is foreseen.

**1. Lobbies, corridors, hallways, stairs, ramps, passageways in general.** Insulation of technical installations with predominantly linear development: (A2L-s1, d0), (A2L-s2, d0), (BL-s1, d0), (BL-s2, d0)

**2.** Product to be used in all other environments that are not part of escape routes. The isolation of technical installations with predominantly linear development with products classified in the following fire reaction classes is allowed: (A2L-s1, d0), (A2L-s2, d0), (A2L-s3, d0), (A2L-s1, d1), (A2L-s2, d1), (A2L-s3, d1), (BL-s1, d0), (BL-s2, d0)

**3. Technical installation located inside a horizontal and/or vertical cavity delimited** by products and/or construction elements with a fire resistance class of at least EI 30.

- along escape routes: The use of products included in one of the following fire reaction classes is permitted:

(A2L-s1, d0), (A2L-s2, d0), (A2L-s3, d0), (A2L-s1, d1), (A2L-s2, d1), (A2L-s3, d1), (A2L-s3, d2), (A2L-s2, d2), (A2L-s3, d2), (BL-s1, d0), (BL-s2, d0), (BL-s3, d0), (BL-s1, d1), (BL-s2, d1), (BL-s3, d1), (BL-s1, d2), (BL-s1, d1), (BL-s2, d2), (BL-s2, d2), (BL-s3, d2)(CL-s1, d0), (CL-s2, d0), (CL-s3, d0), (CL-s1, d1), (CL-s2, d1), (CL-s2, d1), (CL-s3, d1), (CL-s3, d2), (CL-s1, d2), (CL-s3, d2), (CL-s3, d2), (DL-s1, d0), (DL-s2, d0), (DL-s2, d1).

- in all other areas not part of escape routes. The use of products classified at least in the fire reaction class (EL) is allowed.



# MAIN SYSTEM ACCESSORIES

-	5-5-5-5-5 5-5-5-5-5		
Art. 4530 Pipe decoiler.	<b>Art. 1689</b> Pipe straightener.	Art. 0900B / 0900R Blue and red corrugated sheath	Art. 0625 Transparent PVC cup with CL1
	1	for pipe protection.	sealing.
		K	
Art. 1497 / 1497EST Pipe bending spring.	<b>Art. 1684</b> Pipe bender.	Art. 1495 Pipe cutting shears.	Art. 1683 Pipe cutting shears + deburrer.
Art. 1498SET Case with calibrating/deburring	Art. 1498UM Calibrators/deburrers with	Art. 1498MT Interchangeable T-handle.	Art. 1498US Interchangeable
set.	fixed handle.	0	calibrating/deburring tools.

See the product catalogue for order codes/further details.

## **ITEM SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 0600/0660 Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe. Composition PE-Xb-Al-PE-Xb. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1**. Supplied in rolls. Available in sizes 14x2 - 16x2 - 16x2, 25 - 18x2 - 20x2 - 20x2, 5 - 25x2, 5 - 26x3 - 32x3.

#### 0600B / 0660B Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe. Composition PE-Xb-Al-PE-Xb. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1.** Supplied in bars. Available in sizes 16x2 - 18x2 - 20x2 - 25x2.5 - 26x3 - 32x3 - 40x3.5 - 50x4 - 63x4.5 - 75x5 - 90x7.

#### 0660S Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe. Composition PE-Xb-Al-HDPE. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1.** Supplied in rolls. Available in sizes 16x2 - 20x2 - 26x3.



#### 0630B / 0630R / 0670B / 0670R / 0615B / 0635 Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe, externally insulated with closed cell expanded polyethylene sheath with scratch-resistant finish. Available with red, blue, green and white sheath. Composition PE-Xb-Al-PE-Xb. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1.** Thermal conductivity of thermal insulation sheath 0.0397 W/mk. Fire reaction class of thermal insulation sheath CL-s1, d0 (UNI EN 13501-1). Supplied in rolls. Available in sizes 14x2 - 16x2 - 16x2, 25 - 18x2 - 20x2 - 20x2, 5 - 25x2, 5 - 26x3 - 32x3 with insulation thickness 6/10 mm.

#### 0636 Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe, externally insulated with closed cell expanded polyethylene sheath with scratch-resistant finish. Grey sheath available. Composition PE-Xb-Al-PE-Xb. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1**. Thermal conductivity of thermal insulation sheath 0.0397 W/mk. Fire reaction class of thermal insulation sheath BL-s1, d0 (UNI EN 13501-1). Supplied in rolls. Available in sizes 16x2 - 20x2 - 26x3 - 32x3 with insulation thicknesses 10/13 mm.

#### 0640B / 0640R Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX multilayer pipe, with external corrugated protective sheath. Available with red and blue sheath. Composition PE-Xb-Al-PE-Xb. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1.** Supplied in rolls. Available in sizes 14x2 - 16x2 - 18x2 - 20x2.

#### 0641 Series

Tiemme AL-COBRAPEX TWIN double multilayer pipe, with gray corrugated external protective sheaths. Composition PE-Xb-Al-PE-Xb. Application classes (UNI EN ISO 21003-1) 1, 2, 4, 5 (suitable for plumbing and heating systems). Maximum working pressure 10 Bar. Maximum working temperature +95 °C. Compliant with **UNI EN ISO 21003-1**. Supplied in rolls. Available in sizes 16x2 - 20x2.

# CERTIFICATIONS

